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PROGRAMMATIC AGREEMENT AMONG THE FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY, THE SOUTH CAROLINA STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICE, THE SOUTH CAROLINA EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT DIVISION, AND TRIBES PARTICIPATING AS INVITED SIGNATORIES

WHEREAS, the mission of the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) of the Department of Homeland Security is to support our citizens and first responders to ensure that as a nation we work together to build, sustain, and improve our capability to prepare for, protect against, respond to, recover from, and mitigate all hazards; and

WHEREAS, FEMA makes assistance available to States, Commonwealths, communities, Federally recognized Indian Tribes (Tribes) and other eligible entities through programs (Programs) set forth in Appendix A, pursuant to the Homeland Security Act of 2002, Pub. L. No. 107-296 (2002) (codified as amended at 6 U.S.C. § 101 et seq.); Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, Pub. L. No. 93-288 (1974) (codified as amended at 42 U.S.C. § 5121 et seq., (Stafford Act)); the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, Pub. L. No. 90-448 (1968) (as amended); the National Flood Insurance Reform Act of 1994, Pub. L. No. 103-325 (1994) (as amended); the Post-Katrina Emergency Management Reform Act of 2006, Pub. L. No. 109-295 (2006) (as amended); implementing regulations contained in Title 44 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Executive Order 13407 (2006), and such other acts, executive orders, implementing regulations, or Congressionally authorized programs as are enacted from time to time; and

WHEREAS, FEMA has determined that implementing its Programs may result in Undertakings (as defined by 16 U.S.C. § 470w and 36 CFR § 800.16(y)) that may affect properties listed in or eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places (National Register) pursuant to 36 CFR Part 60 (historic properties), and FEMA has consulted with the South Carolina State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO) pursuant to Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA), Pub. L. No. 89-665 (1966) (codified as amended at 16 U.S.C. § 470f), and the regulations implementing Section 106 of the NHPA (Section 106) at 36 CFR Part 800; and

WHEREAS, FEMA, the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation (ACHP) and the National Conference of State Historic Preservation Officers (NCSHPO) have determined that FEMA's Section 106 requirements can be more effectively and efficiently implemented and delays to the delivery of FEMA assistance minimized if a programmatic approach is used to stipulate roles and responsibilities, exempt certain Undertakings from Section 106 review, establish protocols for consultation, facilitate identification and evaluation of historic properties, and streamline the assessment and resolution of adverse effects; and

 WHEREAS, FEMA has developed a Prototype Programmatic Agreement (FEMA Prototype Agreement) pursuant to 36 CFR § 800.14(b)(4) in consultation with the ACHP and NCSHPO to serve as a basis for negotiation of a State specific Programmatic Agreement (Agreement) with the SHPO, State Emergency Management Agency, and participating Tribe(s); and SC HP PA Executed

WHEREAS, this Agreement conforms to the FEMA Prototype Agreement as designated by the ACHP on December 17, 2013 and therefore does not require the participation or signature of the ACHP; and

WHEREAS, in order to implement its Programs, FEMA will provide assistance to the State of South Carolina (Grantee) that may provide monies and other assistance to eligible subgrantees, and as such, the South Carolina Emergency Management Division that is typically responsible for administering funds provided under these Programs has participated in this consultation, and FEMA has invited the South Carolina Emergency Management Division to execute this Agreement as an Invited Signatory; and

WHEREAS, FEMA also may directly perform its own Undertakings pursuant to this Agreement; and

WHEREAS, in anticipation or in the immediate aftermath of an event, impacted communities and the State of South Carolina, and affected Tribes, may conduct critical preparedness, response and recovery activities to safeguard public health and safety and/or to restore vital community services and functions before, during, and or following an event. Some of these activities may become Undertakings requiring Section 106 review subject to the terms of this Agreement, and FEMA shall coordinate the appropriate review as warranted; and

WHEREAS, FEMA has determined that its Programs may result in Undertakings with the potential to affect historic properties having religious and cultural significance to Tribes, including sites that may contain human remains and/or associated cultural items; and

WHEREAS, FEMA recognizes that the Catawba Indian Nation, Cherokee Nation of Oklahoma, Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians, Eastern Shawnee Tribe of Oklahoma, Seminole Nation of Oklahoma, Seminole Tribe of Florida, Shawnee Tribe, Thlopthlocco Tribal Town, and United Keetoowah Band of Cherokee Indians Tribes may have sites of religious and cultural significance on or off Tribal lands [as defined in 36 CFR § 800.16(x)], and in meeting its Federal trust responsibility, FEMA has engaged in government-to-government consultation with the Tribe(s), and pursuant to 36 CFR § 800.2 (c)(2)(ii)(E) has invited the Tribe(s) to enter into an agreement that specifies how FEMA and the Tribe(s) will carry out Section 106 responsibilities, including the confidentiality of information; and

WHEREAS, the Catawba Indian Nation has assumed the responsibilities of the SHPO in its/their Tribal lands through appointment of a Tribal Historic Preservation Officer (THPO) in accordance with Section 101 of the NHPA, and FEMA shall consult with the THPO in lieu of the SHPO for Undertakings occurring on or affecting its/their Tribal lands; and

WHEREAS, notwithstanding the aforementioned invitation to enter into an agreement, FEMA has invited the Catawba Indian Nation, Cherokee Nation of Oklahoma, Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians, Eastern Shawnee Tribe of Oklahoma, Seminole Nation of Oklahoma, Seminole Tribe of Florida, Shawnee Tribe, Thlopthlocco Tribal Town, and United Keetoowah Band of Cherokee

90 Indians Tribes to enter into this Agreement as signatory parties to fulfill the requirements of 91 Section 106; and 92 93 WHEREAS, no Tribe(s) have agreed to enter into a separate Programmatic Agreement or other 94 agreement with FEMA; and 95 96 WHEREAS, no Tribe(s) have declined to enter into this Agreement as a signatory party; and 97 98 WHEREAS, Cherokee Nation of Oklahoma, Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians, Eastern 99 Shawnee Tribe of Oklahoma, Seminole Nation of Oklahoma, Seminole Tribe of Florida, Shawnee Tribe, Thlopthlocco Tribal Town, and United Keetoowah Band of Cherokee Indians Tribes 100 101 Tribes(s) have not responded to FEMA's invitation to enter into this Agreement as a signatory 102 party; and 103 104 WHEREAS, FEMA may invite additional Tribes that have sites of religious and cultural 105 significance to enter into the terms of this Agreement as invited signatories or concurring parties 106 in accordance with 36 CFR § 800.14(f), and nothing in this Agreement prevents a Tribe from 107 entering into a separate Programmatic Agreement or other agreement with FEMA for 108 administration of FEMA Programs; and 109 110 WHEREAS, the terms of this Agreement shall not apply to Undertakings on or affecting Tribal 111 lands without prior execution of the Agreement by the affected Tribe(s); and 112 113 WHEREAS, for the review of specific Undertakings under this Agreement, FEMA may invite 114 other agencies, organizations, and individuals to participate as consulting parties; and 115 116 NOW, THEREFORE, FEMA, the Grantee(s), SHPO, and participating Tribes (Signatories) 117 agree that FEMA Programs in the State of South Carolina and/or on Tribal lands shall be 118 administered in accordance with the following Stipulations to satisfy FEMA's Section 106 and 119 Section 110 responsibilities for all resulting Undertakings and effectively integrate historic 120 preservation compliance considerations into the delivery of FEMA assistance. FEMA will not 121 authorize implementation of an individual Undertaking until Section 106 review is completed 122 pursuant to this Agreement. 123 124 STIPULATIONS 125

To the extent of its legal authority, and in coordination with other Signatories, FEMA shall ensure that the following measures are implemented:

I. GENERAL

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130 A. Applicability

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- 1. The execution of this Agreement supersedes the terms of the previously executed 133 Programmatic Agreement in the State of South Carolina dated May 12, 2004.
 - 2. For FEMA Undertakings that also are within the jurisdiction of the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) and within the scope of its Section 106 Programmatic Agreements for communication facilities, FEMA defers Section 106 review in accordance with the ACHP Program Comment of October 23, 2009. The approval of funding for the FEMA Undertaking shall be conditioned upon the compliance of the sub-grantee with FCC's applicable Section 106 review, including any required consultation with Tribes. FEMA shall notify the SHPO/THPO when it applies the ACHP Program Comment to an Undertaking. FEMA remains responsible for any FEMA Undertakings it determines are outside the jurisdiction of FCC.
 - 3. In the event of a Stafford Act major disaster or emergency declaration (Declaration), State, Tribal and local governments may lack the capability to perform or to contract for emergency work, and instead request that the work be accomplished by a Federal agency. Through a mission assignment (MA), FEMA may direct appropriate Federal agencies to perform the work. This Agreement shall apply to such Federal assistance undertaken by or funded by FEMA pursuant to Titles IV and V of the Stafford Act and 44 CFR Part 206.
 - 4. FEMA may utilize this Agreement to fulfill its Section 106 responsibilities and those of other Federal agencies that designate FEMA as the lead Federal agency pursuant to 36 CFR § 800.2(a)(2) with appropriate notification to the other Signatories and the ACHP regarding Undertakings that fall within the scope of this Agreement. When FEMA is not designated as the lead Federal agency, all Federal agencies, including FEMA, remain individually responsible for their compliance with Section 106.
 - 5. If another Federal program or Federal agency has concluded Section 106 consultation review and approved an Undertaking within the past five years, FEMA has no further requirement for Section 106 review regarding that Undertaking provided that FEMA:
 - a. adopts the findings and determinations of the previous agency;
 - b. confirms that the scope and effect [as defined by 36 CFR § 800.16(i)] of its Undertaking are the same as that of the Undertaking reviewed by the previous agency, and;
 - c. determines that the previous agency complied with Section 106 appropriately.
 - FEMA shall document these findings in its project file in order to confirm that the requirements of Section 106 have been satisfied. Should FEMA, in consultation with SHPO and participating Tribes, determine that the previous Section 106 review was insufficient or involved interagency disagreements about eligibility, effect, and/or

treatment measures, FEMA shall conduct additional Section 106 consultation in accordance with the terms of this Agreement.

- 6. With the written concurrence of the Signatories, other Federal agencies providing financial assistance for the type of activities covered under the terms of this Agreement as outlined in Appendix A may satisfy their Section 106 responsibilities for such activities by accepting and complying in writing with the terms of this Agreement.
 - a. Other Federal Agencies may include States and units of local government who have assumed environmental responsibilities of the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development and, acting as the Responsible Entity pursuant to 24 CFR Part 58, are responsible for environmental review, decision-making and action.
 - b. In such situations, the other Federal Agency shall notify the Signatories in writing of its intent to use this Agreement to achieve compliance with its Section 106 requirements, and consult with the Signatories regarding its Section 106 compliance responsibilities. Resumes of staff who meet the Secretary of the Interior's (Secretary's) Professional Qualifications Standards (Professional Qualifications) set forth in the Federal Register at 48 Fed. Reg. 44716-01 (September 29, 1983), as amended, and will review Second Tier projects in accordance with Appendix B of this Agreement shall be provided to FEMA and the SHPO/THPO.
- 7. FEMA has determined that the following types of activities have limited or no potential to affect historic properties and FEMA has no further Section 106 responsibilities with regards to them, pursuant to 36 CFR § 800.3(a)(1):
 - a. Pursuant to 44 CFR § 206.110(m), assistance to individuals and households provided under 44 CFR Part 206, Subpart D and Section 408 of the Stafford Act, including funding for owner occupied home repair and replacement, content replacement, personal property, transportation and healthcare expenses, is exempt from the provisions of Section 106. For ground disturbing activities, and construction related to 44 CFR §§ 206.117(b)(1)(ii) (temporary housing), 206.117(b)(3) (replacement housing), 206.117(b)(4) (permanent housing construction), 206.117(c)(1)(vi) (repair or replacement of privately owned access routes), and repair of multi-family housing units, FEMA shall conduct Section 106 review.
 - b. Administrative actions such as personnel actions, travel, procurement of services, supplies (including vehicles and equipment) for the support of day-to-day and emergency operational activities, and the temporary storage of goods provided storage occurs within existing facilities or on previously disturbed soils.

216		. Granting of variances, and actions to enforce Federal, State, or local codes
217		standards or regulations.
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219		l. Monitoring, data gathering, and reporting in support of emergency and disaste
220		planning, response and recovery, and hazard activities.
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222		e. Research and development of hazard warning systems, hazard mitigation plans
223		codes and standards, and education/public awareness programs.
224		
225		Assistance provided for planning, studies, design and engineering costs that
226		involve no commitment of resources other than staffing and associated funding.
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228		g. Assistance provided for training, management and administration, exercises, and
229		mobile/portable equipment purchases; with the exception of potential ground
230		disturbing activities and modification of existing structures.
231		distatoring activities and modification of existing structures.
232		n. Community Disaster Loans for funding to perform governmental functions for an
		eligible jurisdiction in a designated disaster area that has suffered a substantial los
233		of tax and other revenue.
234		of tax and other revenue.
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236		. Funding the administrative action of acquisition or lease of existing facilities
237		where planned uses conform to past use or local land use requirements.
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239		Funding the administrative action of acquiring properties in acquisition projects
240		including the real estate transaction.
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242		k. Labor, equipment and materials used to provide security in the Declaration area
243		including lease, rental, purchase or repair of equipment or vehicles and paymer
244		for staff and contract labor.
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246		I. Application of pesticides to reduce adverse public health effects, including aeria
247		and truck-mounted spraying.
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249		m. Unemployment assistance.
250		and other programme documents of
251		n. Distribution of food coupons.
252		ii. Dibilibation of took walpoint
253		o. Legal services.
254		o. Legal services.
		n Crisis sourceling
255		p. Crisis counseling.
256	e	Ann FEMA December outbories designed by the United States Company in the fixure way he
257	ð.	Any FEMA Programs authorized by the United States Congress in the future may be
258		included in this Agreement in accordance with Stipulation IV.A, Amendments. Any
259		change in the FEMA name, Programs, or organizational structure shall not affect this
260		Agreement.

1. FEMA:

a. FEMA shall use Federal, Tribal, State, subgrantee, or contractor staff whose qualifications meet the Secretary's Professional Qualifications in completing identification and evaluation of historic properties and in making determinations of effects. FEMA shall review any National Register eligibility determination and make its own findings of effect resulting from the performance of these activities prior to submitting such determinations to the SHPO and participating Tribes.

- i. FEMA acknowledges that Tribes possess special expertise in assessing the National Register eligibility of properties with religious and cultural significance to them. Tribal organization leaders, and as appropriate, their representatives, shall decide who meets qualifications/standards as defined by their Tribes for review of Undertakings affecting properties with religious and cultural significance to them.

- b. FEMA alone shall conduct all Section 106 consultation with Tribes. In accordance with 36 CFR § 800.2(c)(4), FEMA may authorize the Grantee(s), or a subgrantee through the Grantee(s), to initiate the Section 106 process with the SHPO and other consulting parties, assist in identifying other consulting parties with a demonstrated interest in the Undertaking, and prepare any necessary analyses and documentation, but FEMA shall remain responsible for determinations of National Register eligibility and findings of effect recommended by the authorized party. FEMA shall follow the process set forth in Stipulation I.B.1(a), FEMA Roles and Responsibilities, and notify the SHPO in writing when a Grantee or subgrantee has been authorized to initiate consultation on FEMA's behalf.

- c. Prior to authorizing the release of funds for individual Undertakings requiring grant conditions pursuant to this Agreement, FEMA shall inform the Grantee(s) of all stipulations and conditions and ensure that they are understood so they can be adequately conveyed to the subgrantee. FEMA shall work in partnership with the Grantee(s) to provide subgrantees with guidance on in-kind repair pursuant to *The Secretary of the Interior's Standards for the Treatment of Historic Properties 1995* (Standards), 36 CFR Part 68, or the most updated version, and techniques to avoid or minimize adverse effects to historic properties.

- d. FEMA shall provide the other Signatories and the ACHP with an annual report for the previous calendar year by June 30th of each year that this Agreement is in effect. This annual report will summarize the actions taken to implement the terms of this Agreement, statistics on Undertakings reviewed, and recommend any actions or revisions to be considered, including updates to the appendices.

305	e.	FEMA shall confer annually and as necessary with the other Signatories within 30
306		days after issuance of the annual report, to review the report and/or discuss issues
307		and concerns in greater detail. This review shall occur in person or by telephone
308		as determined by FEMA.
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310	f.	FEMA shall notify the SHPO and affected Tribes, as soon as practicable,
311		following a Declaration to provide specific points of contact and other pertinent
312		information about the Declaration.
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314	g.	FEMA may convene an initial scoping meeting with the Signatories and other
315		interested parties as soon as practicable after each Declaration to address
316		Declaration-specific issues and procedures.
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318	h.	FEMA shall ensure that all documentation resulting from Undertakings reviewed
319		pursuant to this Agreement is consistent with applicable SHPO and Tribal
320		guidelines and the confidentiality provisions of 16 U.S.C. § 470w-3 and 36 CFR §
321		800.11(c).
322	2. SH	PO:
323		
324	a.	SHPO shall review FEMA's determination of the Areas of Potential Effects
325		(APE), National Register eligibility determinations, and FEMA's effect findings
326		and respond within timeframes required by this Agreement.
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328	b.	Upon request, the SHPO shall provide FEMA and/or its designee(s) with available
329		information about historic properties (such as access to online systems or site files,
330		GIS data, survey information, geographic areas of concern). Such data sharing
331		may be memorialized in an agreement. Only Qualified FEMA staff and/or
332		designee(s) shall be afforded access to protected historic property information.
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334	c.	The SHPO shall identify staff or consultants to assist FEMA staff with their
335		Section 106 responsibilities, and identify, in coordination with FEMA, those
336		activities within the Section 106 review process that SHPO may perform for
337		specific Undertakings as agreed in writing with FEMA.
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339	d.	As requested, SHPO staff shall be reasonably available as a resource and for
340		consultation through site visits, written requests, telephone conversations or
341		electronic media. In those instances where consultation with SHPO has occurred,
342		FEMA shall provide a written summary via e-mail or regular mail to SHPO,
343		including any decisions that were reached.
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345	e	The SHPO may delegate some or all of its responsibilities under this Agreement to
346	•	one or more Liaisons to serve as a dedicated point of contact for consultation with
347		FEMA. The SHPO shall confer with FEMA about the selection of any Liaisons,
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348 349	6	the scope of responsibilities delegated and related implementing procedures. SHPO shall formally document these decisions for concurrence by FEMA.
350		Liaisons are not required to be members of the SHPO staff.
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352	f.	The SHPO shall participate in an initial scoping meeting for a Declaration.
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354	g.	The SHPO may assist local jurisdictions and/or the Grantee(s) in the State of South
355		Carolina with advance planning efforts to consider historic properties in the
356		context of homeland security considerations, including disaster preparedness,
357		response, recovery, and mitigation programs for which FEMA funding may be
358		requested.
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360	h.	The SHPO shall coordinate with FEMA, to identify consulting parties, including
361		any communities, organizations, or individuals that may have an interest in a
362		specific Undertaking and its effects on historic properties.
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364	i.	
365		effectiveness of this Agreement in accordance with Stipulation I.B.1(e).
366	3 Gr	antee(s):
	J. (J.	antee(s).
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368	a.	
369		conditions and potential requirements that may be placed upon Undertakings as a
370		result of Section 106 consultation and the provisions of this Agreement.
371	L	The Courts of a) shall marticipate in an initial according to a Declaration
372 373	D.	The Grantee(s) shall participate in an initial scoping meeting for a Declaration.
374	c	The Grantee(s) shall ensure that their subgrantees understand that failure to comply
375	0.	with any project-specific conditions that have been placed on their grants could
376		jeopardize FEMA funding.
377		jeopardize i Eivii i ididing.
378	А	The Grantee(s) shall notify FEMA as soon as possible of any proposed change to
379	u .	the approved scope of work. The Grantee(s) shall direct their subgrantee not to
380		implement the changes to the proposed scope of work until any additional review
381		required by this Agreement is complete.
382		required by this regreement is complete.
383	-	The Grantee(s) shall ensure that its subgrantees are made aware that in the event of
384	· .	an unexpected discovery involving an Undertaking that has affected a previously
385		unidentified historic property or human remains, or affected a known historic
386		property in an unanticipated manner, the subgrantee will comply with Stipulation
387		III.B, Unexpected Discoveries, Previously Unidentified Properties, or Unexpected
388		Effects.
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- f. The Grantee(s) shall ensure that in its subgrant agreements, any scope of work involving ground disturbance, and resultant contracts to execute said work, provide for the protection of and notification protocols for unexpected discoveries or unexpected effects to historic properties and human remains.
 - g. If a Signatory Tribe assumes the role of Grantee for projects on Tribal lands, the Tribe shall assume the same responsibilities as outlined in Stipulation I.B.3 of this Agreement, Roles and Responsibilities of the Signatories.

C. Tribal Organization Consultation

- 1. For FEMA Undertakings on Tribal lands or affecting properties of religious and cultural significance, and where no tribe-specific consultation agreements or protocols are in place, FEMA shall consult with affected Tribes in accordance with 36 CFR Part 800. In determining who the affected Tribes may be, FEMA will first establish that it is a type of Undertaking with potential to affect historic properties with religious and cultural significance and may consult with the SHPO, Tribe(s), any State Tribal Agency, and access the National Park Service (NPS) Native American Consultation Database or other tools to identify geographic tribal interests. Appendix D lists individual Tribe's areas of interest, project-type interest, and preferred method of communication.
- 2. To the extent permitted by Section 304 of the NHPA, Section 9(a) of the Archeological Resources Protection Act (ARPA) (16 U.S.C. §470aa 470mm), and any other applicable laws, FEMA shall ensure it withholds information protected by such laws from public disclosure.
- 3. FEMA shall invite affected Tribes to participate in the initial scoping meeting within their geographic area of interest for each Declaration.

D. Public Participation

- FEMA recognizes that the views of the public are essential to informed decision making throughout the Section 106 consultation process. FEMA shall notify the public of proposed Undertakings in a manner that reflects the nature, complexity, significance of historic properties likely affected by the Undertaking, the likely public interest given FEMA's specific involvement, and any confidentiality concerns of Tribes, private individuals and businesses.
- 2. FEMA may consult with the Grantee(s), subgrantee, SHPO, participating Tribes, and other consulting parties to determine if there are individuals or organizations with a demonstrated interest in historic properties that should be included as a consulting party for the Undertaking in accordance with 36 CFR § 800.2(c)(5). If such parties are identified or identify themselves to FEMA, FEMA shall provide them with

- information regarding the Undertaking and its effects on historic properties, consistent with the confidentiality provisions of 36 CFR § 800.11(c).
 - 3. In accordance with the outreach strategy developed for an Undertaking in consultation with the SHPO and participating Tribes, for involving the public, FEMA shall identify the appropriate stages for seeking public input during the Section 106 consultation process. FEMA shall consider all views provided by the public regarding an Undertaking.
 - 4. FEMA may also provide public notices and the opportunity for public comment or participation in an Undertaking through the public participation process of the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) and its implementing regulations set out at 44 CFR Part 10, and/or Executive Orders 11988 and 11990 relating to floodplains and wetlands as set out in 44 CFR Part 9, and Executive Order 12898, Environmental Justice, provided such notices specifically reference Section 106 as a basis for public involvement.
 - 5. Should a member of the public object in writing to implementation of the Agreement's terms, FEMA will notify the other Signatories in writing and take the objection into consideration. FEMA shall consult with the objecting party and, if that party so requests, the other Signatories, for not more than 30 days. In reaching its decision regarding the objection, FEMA shall take into consideration all comments from these parties. Within 15 days after closure of this consultation period, FEMA shall provide the other parties with its final decision in writing.

E. Timeframes and Communications

- 1. All time designations shall be in calendar days unless otherwise stipulated. If any Signatory does not object to FEMA's finding or determination related to an Undertaking within an agreed upon timeframe, FEMA may proceed to the next step in the consultation process as described in Stipulation II, Project Review.
- 2. Due to the varied nature of Undertakings, the individual response times to FEMA's requests for comment/concurrence will vary. These response times are contingent upon FEMA ensuring that its findings and determinations are made by Qualified staff and supported by documentation as required by 36 CFR § 800.11(d) and 36 CFR § 800.11(e), and consistent with FEMA guidance.
 - a. For Emergency Undertakings as outlined in Stipulation II.B, Expedited Review of Emergency Undertakings, the SHPO and participating Tribes shall respond to any FEMA request for comments within three (3) business days after receipt, unless FEMA determines the nature of the emergency action warrants a shorter time period.

- b. For Undertakings associated with the Individual Assistance (IA) and Public Assistance (PA) programs, the response time for each request for concurrence shall be a maximum of fifteen (15) days after receipt, or in accordance with temporary timelines established by FEMA and agreed upon by SHPO and participating Tribes on a Declaration by Declaration basis.

 c. For the Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP) and all non-disaster programs,
 - the response time for each request for concurrence shall be a maximum of thirty (30) days after receipt.
 - 3. The consulting parties may send and accept official notices, comments, requests for further information and documentation, and other communications required by this Agreement by e-mail.
 - a. FEMA will use a "read receipt" to ensure the email was received by intended party.
 - b. FEMA will note the consultation timeline in the subject line of the letter and header of the email to ensure consulting parties are aware of the project's associated timeline.

II. PROJECT REVIEW

A. Programmatic Allowances

- 1. If FEMA determines an Undertaking conforms to one or more allowances in Appendix B of this Agreement, FEMA shall complete the Section 106 review process by documenting this determination in the project file, without SHPO review or notification.
- 2. If the Undertaking involves a National Historic Landmark (NHL), FEMA shall notify the SHPO, participating Tribes, and the NPS NHL Program Manager of the Southeast NPS Regional Office that the Undertaking conforms to one or more allowances. FEMA shall provide information about the proposed scope of work for the Undertaking and the allowance(s) enabling FEMA's determination.
- 3. If FEMA determines any portion of an Undertaking's scope of work does not conform to one or more allowances listed in Appendix B, FEMA shall conduct expedited or standard Section 106 review, as appropriate, for the entire Undertaking in accordance with Stipulation II.B, Expedited Review for Emergency Undertakings, or Stipulation II.C, Standard Project Review.
- 4. Allowances may be revised and new allowances may be added to this Agreement in accordance with Stipulation IV.A.3, Amendments.

516 В. Expedited Review for Emergency Undertakings 517 1. Determine Expedited Review 518 a. As part of the Declaration process, FEMA shall define the time interval during which the disaster causing incident occurs (the incident period, as defined in 44 519 CFR § 206.32(f)). FEMA may approve direct Federal assistance and/or funding 520 for emergency work (as defined in 44 CFR § 206.201(b)) that occurs during the 521 522 incident period, including work already completed, in response to an immediate 523 threat to human health and safety or property. Pursuant to 36 CFR § 800.12(d), 524 FEMA may conduct expedited review of emergency Undertakings for 30 days 525 from the beginning of the incident period. b. Should FEMA determine that it is necessary to extend the expedited review period 526 527 for emergency Undertakings beyond the initial 30 days, FEMA shall, in 30-day increments, as needed, request extension from the ACHP and notify in writing 528 529 SHPO and participating Tribes. 530 2. Conduct Expedited Reviews a. If the emergency Undertaking is an immediate rescue and salvage operation 531 conducted in response to an event to preserve life and property, FEMA has no 532 Section 106 consultation responsibilities in accordance with 36 CFR § 800.12(d); 533 534 535 b. If the emergency Undertaking meets one or more of the Allowances in Appendix B 536 537 of this Agreement, FEMA shall complete the Section 106 review process pursuant 538 to Stipulation II.A.1, Programmatic Allowances. 539 540 c. If FEMA determines that the emergency Undertaking would adversely affect a 541 historic property during this expedited review period: 542 543 i. To the extent practicable, FEMA will propose treatment measures that would 544 address adverse effects during implementation, and request the comments of 545 the SHPO and participating Tribes within 3 days of receipt of this information 546 unless FEMA determines the nature of the emergency warrants a shorter time 547 period. 548 549 ii. FEMA may provide this information through written requests, telephone 550 conversations, meetings, or electronic media. In all cases, FEMA shall clarify 551 that an "expedited review" is being requested for the Undertaking. 552

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participating Tribes in making a decision on how to proceed.

iii. FEMA shall take into account any timely comments provided by SHPO and/or

- iv. Should the SHPO and/or participating Tribes not comment within 3 days, FEMA shall complete Section 106 consultation for the Undertaking based on the available information.
- v. FEMA shall notify the SHPO and participating Tribes of the final decision, indicating how any comments received were considered in reaching that decision.
- C. Standard Project Review: For Undertakings not exempt from further Section 106 review, FEMA shall ensure that the following standard project review steps are implemented. In the interest of streamlining, FEMA may combine some or all of these steps during consultation in accordance with 36 CFR § 800.3(g).
 - 1. Consulting Parties: FEMA shall consider all written requests of individuals and organizations to participate as consulting parties, and consult with the SHPO and participating Tribes to identify any other parties that meet the criteria to be consulting parties and invite them to participate in the Section 106 process. FEMA may invite others to participate as consulting parties as the Section 106 consultation proceeds. FEMA shall invite any individual or organization that will assume a specific role or responsibility outlined in an MOA or Programmatic Agreement to participate as an invited signatory to the agreement.

2. Area of Potential Effects:

- a. For standing structures not adjacent to or located within the boundaries of a National Register listed or eligible district, Qualified staff may define the APE as the individual structure when the proposed Undertaking is limited to its repair or rehabilitation (as defined in 36 CFR § 68.3(b)).
- b. For all other Undertakings, Qualified staff shall determine the APE in consultation with the SHPO and participating Tribes. FEMA may consider information provided by other parties, such as local governments and the public, when establishing the APE.
- 3. <u>Identification and Evaluation:</u> Qualified staff shall determine, in consultation with the SHPO and participating Tribes if the APE contains historic properties, including properties of religious and cultural significance. This may include the review of documentation provided by the Grantee(s) or subgrantee in coordination with the SHPO.
 - a. Level of Effort: FEMA shall make a reasonable and good faith effort to identify historic properties in accordance with 36 CFR § 800.4(b)(1)._FEMA may consult with the SHPO to determine the level of effort and methodology necessary to identify and evaluate a variety of historic property types. For properties of religious and cultural significance to affected Tribe(s), FEMA shall consult with

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the affected Tribe(s) to determine geographical areas containing them that may be affected by an Undertaking and determine the necessary level of effort to identify and evaluate or avoid any such historic properties.

- b. National Historic Landmarks: When FEMA identifies an Undertaking with the potential to affect an NHL, FEMA shall contact the NPS NHL Program Manager of the appropriate NPS Regional Office in addition to the SHPO, participating Tribes, and other consulting parties. The purpose of this notification is to ensure early coordination for the Undertaking which FEMA later may determine adversely affects the NHL as outlined in Stipulation II.C.8.
- c. <u>Determinations of Eligibility:</u> FEMA shall review or determine National Register eligibility based on identification and evaluation efforts, and consult with SHPO, participating Tribes, and other consulting parties regarding these determinations. Should the SHPO, participating Tribes, or another consulting party disagree with the determination of eligibility, FEMA shall either:
 - i. Elect to consult further with the objecting party until the objection is resolved;
 - ii. Treat the property as eligible for the National Register; or
 - iii. Obtain a determination of eligibility from the Keeper of the National Register in accordance with 36 CFR § 63.2(d)-(e) and 36 CFR § 800.4(c)(2).
- 4. Findings of No Historic Properties Affected: FEMA shall make a finding of "no historic properties affected" under the following circumstances:
 - a. If no historic properties are present in the APE;
 - b. The Undertaking is designed to avoid effects to historic properties, including National Register listed or eligible properties of religious or cultural significance to participating Tribes; or
 - c. The Undertaking does not affect the character defining features of a historic property.
 - d. FEMA shall notify the SHPO, participating Tribes and any other consulting parties of this finding and provide supporting documentation in accordance with 36 CFR § 800.11(d). Unless the SHPO or participating Tribes object to the finding within the applicable timeframe outlined in Stipulation I.E, Timeframes and Communications, the Section 106 review of the Undertaking will have concluded.
 - e. If the SHPO or participating Tribes object to a finding of "no historic properties affected," FEMA shall consult with the objecting party to resolve the disagreement.

- i. If the objection is resolved, FEMA either may proceed with the Undertaking in accordance with the resolution or reconsider effects on the historic property by applying the criteria of adverse effect pursuant to Stipulation II.C.5, Application of the Criteria of Adverse Effect, below.
- ii. If FEMA is unable to resolve the disagreement, it will forward the finding and supporting documentation to the ACHP and request that the ACHP review FEMA's finding in accordance with 36 CFR § 800.4(d)(1)(iv)(A) through 36 CFR § 800.4(d)(1)(iv)(C). FEMA shall consider the ACHP's recommendation in making its final determination. If FEMA's final determination is to reaffirm its "no historic properties affected" finding, the Section 106 review of the Undertaking will have concluded. Otherwise, FEMA will proceed to Stipulation II.C.5., below.
- 5. Application of the Criteria of Adverse Effect: If FEMA finds an Undertaking may affect historic properties in the APE, including those of religious or cultural significance to affected Tribe(s), FEMA shall apply the criteria of adverse effect to historic properties within the APE(s), taking into account the views of the consulting parties and the public concerning effects in accordance with 36 CFR § 800.5(a).
 - a. If FEMA determines that an Undertaking does not meet the adverse effect criteria, FEMA shall propose a finding of "no adverse effect" in accordance with 36 CFR § 800.5(b).
 - i. FEMA shall notify the SHPO, participating Tribes, and all other consulting parties of its finding and provide supporting documentation pursuant to 36 CFR §800.11(e).
 - ii. Unless a consulting party objects within the applicable timeframe outlined in Stipulation I.E, Timeframes and Communications, FEMA will proceed with its "no adverse effect" determination and conclude the Section 106 review.
 - iii. If a consulting party objects to a finding of "no adverse effect," FEMA will consult with the objecting party to resolve the disagreement.
 - 1) If the objection is resolved, FEMA shall proceed with the Undertaking in accordance with the resolution, or;
 - 2) If the objection cannot be resolved, FEMA shall request that the ACHP review the findings in accordance with 36 CFR § 800.5(c)(3)(i)-(ii) and submit the required supporting documentation. FEMA shall consider the ACHP's comments in making its final determination.

- b. If FEMA finds the Undertaking may adversely affect historic properties, FEMA shall request through the Grantee(s) that the subgrantee revise the scope of work to substantially conform to the *Standards* for standing structures, or avoid or minimize adverse effects for National Register listed or eligible archaeological properties.
 - i. If the subgrantee modifies the scope of work to avoid the adverse effect, FEMA shall notify the SHPO, participating Tribes, and all other consulting parties, and provide supporting documentation. Unless a consulting party makes a timely objection in accordance with the applicable timeframe outlined in Stipulation I.E, Timeframes and Communications, FEMA shall proceed with its "no adverse effect" determination, including any conditions, and conclude the Section 106 review.
 - ii. If an Undertaking is not modified to avoid the adverse (effects), FEMA shall initiate consultation to resolve the adverse effect(s) in accordance with Stipulation II.C.6, Resolution of Adverse Effects.
- 6. Resolution of Adverse Effects: If FEMA determines that an Undertaking may adversely affect a historic property, it shall resolve the effects of the Undertaking in consultation with the SHPO, Grantee(s), subgrantee, participating Tribes, the ACHP, if participating, and other consulting parties, by one of the following methods depending upon the severity of the adverse effect(s) as well as determination of the historic property's significance on a local, state or national level. When FEMA determines an Undertaking will adversely affect an NHL, FEMA shall notify and invite the Secretary and ACHP to participate in consultation in accordance with 36 CFR § 800.10. When the ACHP participates in consultation related to an NHL, the ACHP shall report the outcome of the consultation to the Secretary and the FEMA Administrator.

- a. Abbreviated Consultation Process: After taking into consideration the significance of the historic properties affected, the severity of the adverse effect(s) and avoidance or minimization of the adverse effect(s), FEMA may propose in writing to the consulting parties to resolve the adverse effects of the Undertaking through the application of one or more Treatment Measures outlined in Appendix C as negotiated with the SHPO, participating Tribes, and other consulting parties. The use of these Treatment Measures shall not require the execution of a Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) or Programmatic Agreement.
 - i. In consultation with the SHPO, participating Tribe(s), and other consulting parties, FEMA shall propose in writing the implementation of a specific Treatment Measure, or combination of Treatment Measures, with the intent of expediting the resolution of adverse effects, and provide documentation as required by 36 CFR § 800.11(e) and subject to the confidentiality provisions of 36 CFR § 800.11(c)). Unless a consulting party or the ACHP objects within 15 days of receipt of FEMA's proposal, FEMA shall proceed with the

implementation of the Treatment Measure(s) and will conclude the Section 106 review.

- ii. If any of the consulting parties or the ACHP objects within the 15 day review and comment period to the resolution of adverse effects through the application of the Abbreviated Consultation Process, FEMA shall resolve the adverse effect(s) using procedures outlined below in Stipulation II.C.6(b), MOA or Stipulation II.C.6.(c), Programmatic Agreement.
- iii. Because funding and implementation details of Treatment Measures for specific Undertakings may vary by program, FEMA shall provide written notice to the consulting parties within sixty (60) days of the completion of the Treatment Measure(s). This written notice will serve as confirmation that the Treatment Measure(s) for a specific Undertaking have been implemented. FEMA also shall include information pertaining to the completion of Treatment Measures in the annual report pursuant to Stipulation I.B.1(d), FEMA Roles and Responsibilities.
- b. Memorandum of Agreement: FEMA shall provide the ACHP with an adverse effect notice in accordance with 36 CFR § 800.6(a)(1) if it has not already provided such under the Abbreviated Consultation Process of this Agreement, if a consulting party or the ACHP objects in accordance with Stipulation II.C.6(a)(ii), or if FEMA, in consultation with the SHPO, participating Tribe(s), and other consulting parties, has determined that an MOA would be more appropriate to resolve the adverse effect(s). In consultation with the SHPO, participating Tribe(s), and other consulting parties, including the ACHP (if participating), FEMA shall develop an MOA, in accordance with 36 CFR § 800.6(c) to agree upon treatment measures to avoid, minimize, and/or mitigate adverse effects on historic properties. The MOA may also include treatment measures that serve an equal or greater public benefit in promoting the preservation of historic properties in lieu of more traditional treatment measures.
- c. Programmatic Agreement: Should the execution of an MOA be inappropriate given the similar nature of effects on historic properties, the inability to determine effects prior to approval of an Undertaking, or where other circumstances warrant, FEMA, shall consult with the SHPO, participating Tribes, the ACHP, if participating, and any other consulting parties to develop a Programmatic Agreement in accordance with 36 CFR § 800.14(b) and identify programmatic conditions or treatment measures to govern the resolution of potential or anticipated adverse effects from certain complex project situations for an Undertaking or for multiple but similar Undertakings by a single subgrantee.
- 7. Objections: Should any signatory or consulting party object within the timeframes established by this Agreement to any plans, specifications, or actions taken pursuant to resolving an adverse effect, FEMA shall consult further with the objecting party to

seek resolution. If FEMA determines the objection cannot be resolved, FEMA shall address the objection in accordance with Stipulation IV.B, Dispute Resolution.

III. OTHER CONSIDERATIONS

- A. Changes to an Approved Scope of Work: The Grantee(s) shall notify FEMA and shall require a subgrantee to notify it immediately when a subgrantee proposes changes to an approved scope of work for an Undertaking.
 - 1. If FEMA determines the change meets a Programmatic Allowance or has no effect on the property, FEMA shall approve the change.
 - 2. If the change can be modified to meet a Programmatic Allowance, or conform to any applicable *Standards*, FEMA shall conclude its Section 106 review responsibilities.
 - 3. If FEMA determines that the change does not meet an Allowance, FEMA shall initiate consultation pursuant to Stipulation II.C, Standard Project Review.
- B. Unexpected Discoveries, Previously Unidentified Properties, or Unexpected Effects:
 - 1. Upon notification by a subgrantee of an unexpected discovery, or if it appears that a Undertaking has affected a previously unidentified property or affected a known historic property in an unanticipated manner, in accordance with Stipulation I.B.3(e), Grantee(s) Roles and Responsibilities, the Grantee(s) shall immediately notify FEMA and require the subgrantee to:
 - a. Immediately stop construction activities in the vicinity of the discovery.
 - b. Take all reasonable measures to avoid or minimize harm to the property until FEMA has completed consultation with the SHPO, participating Tribes, and any other consulting parties. Upon notification by the Grantee of a discovery, FEMA shall immediately notify the SHPO, participating Tribes, and other consulting parties that may have an interest in the discovery, previously unidentified property or unexpected effects, and consult to evaluate the discovery for National Register eligibility and/or the effects of the undertaking on historic properties.
 - c. If human remains are discovered, notify the local law enforcement office and coroner/medical examiner in accordance with applicable State statutes, and protect the remains from any harm. Discoveries of human remains on Federal or Tribal lands shall be subject to the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA) (25 U.S.C. §3001-3013, 18 U.S.C. § 1170) and ARPA, as applicable.
 - d. Assist FEMA in completing the following actions, as required:

i. FEMA shall consult with the SHPO, participating Tribes, and other consulting parties in accordance with the consultation process outlined in Stipulation II, Project Review, to develop a mutually agreeable action plan with timeframes to identify the discovery or previously unidentified property, take into account the effects of the Undertaking, resolve adverse effects if necessary, and ensure compliance with applicable Federal, State, and local statutes.

- ii. FEMA shall coordinate with the Grantee(s) and the subgrantee regarding any needed modification to the scope of work for the Undertaking necessary to implement recommendations of the consultation and facilitate proceeding with the Undertaking.
- iii. In cases where discovered human remains are determined to be American Indian, FEMA shall consult with the appropriate Tribal representatives and SHPO. In addition, FEMA shall follow the guidelines outlined in the ACHP's Policy Statement Regarding the Treatment of Burial Sites, Human Remains, and Funerary Objects (2007) and any state-specific policies that may be in force.

C. Curation

1. In cases where archaeological survey and testing are conducted on private land, any recovered collections remain the property of the land owner. In such instances, FEMA and the Grantee(s), in coordination with the SHPO and affected Tribes, shall encourage land owners to donate the collection(s) to an appropriate public or Tribal entity. In cases where the property owner wishes to transfer ownership of the collection(s) to a public or Tribal entity, and in the case of artifacts recovered from public lands, FEMA and the Grantee(s) shall ensure that recovered artifacts and related documentation are curated in a suitable repository as agreed to by FEMA, SHPO, and affected Tribes, and following South Carolina Standards and Guidelines for Archaeological Investigations or Tribal guidelines.

- 2. When an Undertaking will adversely affect a National Register listed or eligible archaeological site, FEMA may treat the adverse effect by providing for the recovery of significant information through archaeological data recovery. FEMA shall consult with the SHPO, participating Tribes, and other consulting parties to prepare a research design (data recovery plan), including a specific plan for curation. This plan will incorporate any relevant curation provisions contained in the South Carolina Standards and Guidelines for Archaeological Investigations, ACHP's "Recommended Approach for Consultation on Recovery of Significant Information from Archaeological Sites" published in the Federal Register (64 Federal Register 27085-27087 (May 18, 1999)), or other provisions agreed to by the consulting parties. No excavation should be initiated before FEMA acceptance and approval of the curation plan.
 - a. As stipulated in the curation plan, artifacts, as well as field and laboratory records sufficient to document the collection, shall be curated at a facility, preferably instate, that meets the standards of, and in accordance with the provisions of 36 CFR Part 79, "Curation of Federally Owned and Administered Archaeological Collections," and South Carolina Standards and Guidelines for Archaeological Investigations or Tribal requirements.
- D. Review of Undertakings Initiated Before Initiation or Completion of Section 106 Review
 - 1. In accordance with Section 110(k) of the NHPA, FEMA shall not grant assistance to a subgrantee who, with intent to avoid the requirements of this Agreement or Section 106 of the NHPA, has intentionally significantly and adversely affected a historic property to which the assistance would relate, or having legal power to prevent it, allowed an adverse effect to occur. However, if after consultation with the SHPO, appropriate Tribes, and ACHP, FEMA determines that extraordinary circumstances justify granting assistance despite the adverse effect created or permitted by the subgrantee, FEMA shall complete consultation for the Undertaking pursuant to the terms of this Agreement.
 - 2. FEMA shall specifically advise the Grantee(s) and shall require that the Grantee(s) advise its subgrantees in writing that they may jeopardize Federal funding if work is performed without all required local, State, and Federal licenses, permits, and/or approvals, including the completion of the Section 106 process. FEMA also shall document this requirement in its Record of Environmental Consideration, as applicable, as well as all project approval documents specifying the project scope and limits, and containing all conditions and caveats.
 - 3. In circumstances where FEMA determines a subgrantee has initiated an Undertaking without willful intent to avoid the requirements of this Agreement or Section 106 of NHPA, FEMA shall proceed as follows:

896	106 res	ponsibilities, namely:
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898	i. A	n Undertaking listed in Stipulation I.A.8; or
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900	ii. A	n immediate rescue and salvage operation in accordance with 36 CFR §
901	80	00.12(d); or
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903	iii. A	Programmatic Allowance as described under Stipulation II.A.
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905	b. In any	y such cases listed in Stipulation III.D.3.a., above, FEMA shall document this
906	-	nination in the project files, and consider the Undertaking Section 106
907	comp	
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909	c. If FE	MA determines the Undertaking would have required Section 106 review,
910		A shall coordinate with the SHPO and appropriate Tribes to determine if
911		Iltation is feasible.
912	i. If	after coordination with the SHPO and appropriate Tribes, FEMA determines
913	th	at consultation is feasible, FEMA shall review the Undertaking in accordance
914		ith Stipulation II.C, Standard Project Review.
915	ii. If	after coordination with the SHPO and appropriate Tribes, FEMA determines
916	th	at review is infeasible, FEMA shall document the outcome to the Section 106
917	re	view process, and the applicable FEMA program shall take the outcome into
918	ac	count before making a decision whether to fund the Undertaking. FEMA
919	st	nall provide written notification of its funding decision to the SHPO,
920	аг	ppropriate Tribes, and the ACHP.
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922	4. FEMA st	nall ensure that all Undertakings considered for after the fact review in
923		ce with this stipulation are included in the annual report.
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925	IV. IMPLEMENTA	ATION OF AGREEMENT
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927	A. Amendments	
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929	1 If any Sig	gnatory determines that an amendment to the terms of this Agreement must be
930		e Signatories shall consult for no more than 30 days to seek amendment of the
931	Agreeme	· ·
932	Agreeme	III.
933	2 An amen	dment to this Agreement, exclusive of the appendices, shall be effective only
934		has been signed by all the Signatories. An amendment shall be effective for
935		las occurring on or affecting historic properties on Tribal lands only when
936		has signed the Agreement and its amendment.
	the inde	nas signed the Agreement and its amendment.
937		

a. Determine if the Undertaking is of a type for which FEMA has no further Section

- 3. Appendix A (FEMA Programs), Appendix B (Programmatic Allowances), Appendix C (Treatment Measures), and Appendix D (Tribal Areas of Interest) may be amended at the request of FEMA or another Signatory in the following manner:
 - a. FEMA, on its own behalf or on behalf of another Signatory, shall notify the Signatories of the intent to modify the current Appendix or Appendices and shall provide a draft of the updated Appendix or Appendices to all Signatory parties.
 - b. If no other Signatory objects in writing within 30 days of receipt of FEMA's proposed modification, FEMA shall date and sign the amended Appendix and provide a copy of the amended Appendix to the other Signatories. Such an amendment shall go into effect on the date FEMA transmits the amendment to the other Signatories.

B. Dispute Resolution

- 1. Should any Signatory object in writing to the terms of this Agreement, FEMA shall consult with the objecting party for not more than 30 days to resolve the objection.
- 2. If the objection is resolved within 30 days, FEMA shall proceed in accordance with the resolution.
- 3. If FEMA determines within 30 days that the objection cannot be resolved, FEMA shall forward to ACHP all documentation relevant to the objection, including FEMA's proposed resolution. Within 30 days of receipt, ACHP will:
 - a. Concur in FEMA's proposed resolution; or
 - b. Provide FEMA with recommendations, which FEMA shall take into account in reaching a final decision regarding the objection; or
 - c. Notify FEMA that the objection will be referred for comment in accordance with 36 CFR § 800.7(a)(4), and proceed to do so.
- 4. FEMA shall take into account any ACHP recommendations or comments, and any comments from the other Signatories, in reaching a final decision regarding the objection. FEMA shall provide in writing to the ACHP and Signatories a summary of its final decision before authorizing any disputed action to proceed. The Signatories shall continue to implement all other terms of this Agreement that are not subject to objection.
- 5. Should ACHP not respond within 30 days, FEMA may assume ACHP has no comment and proceed with its proposed resolution to the objection after providing the ACHP and Signatories a written summary of its final decision.

C. Severability and Termination

1. In the event any provision of this Agreement is deemed by a Federal court to be contrary to, or in violation of, any applicable existing law or regulation of the United States of America, only the conflicting provision(s) shall be deemed null and void, and the remaining provisions of the Agreement shall remain in effect.

 2. FEMA, the SHPO, ACHP, or Grantee(s) may terminate this Agreement by providing 30 days written notice to the other Signatories, provided that the Signatories consult during this period to seek amendments or other actions that would prevent termination. If this Agreement is terminated, FEMA shall comply with Section 106 through other applicable means pursuant to 36 CFR Part 800. Upon such determination, FEMA shall provide all other Signatories and the ACHP with written notice of the termination of this Agreement.

3. A participating Tribe may notify the other Signatories that it is fully withdrawing from participation in the Agreement. Following such a withdrawal, FEMA shall review undertakings that may affect historic properties of religious and cultural significance to the Tribe, and Undertakings that occur on the Tribal lands of the relevant Tribe, in accordance with 36 CFR §§ 800.3 through 800.7, 36 CFR § 800.8(c), or an applicable alternative under 36 CFR § 800.14. Withdrawal from this Agreement by a Tribe does not terminate the Agreement. At any time that this Agreement remains in effect, a Tribe that has withdrawn from the Agreement may notify FEMA, the Grantee(s), and SHPO in writing that it has rescinded its notice withdrawing from participation in the Agreement.

4. This Agreement may be terminated by the implementation of a subsequent Agreement, pursuant to 36 CFR § 800.14(b), that explicitly terminates or supersedes this Agreement, or by FEMA's implementation of Alternate Procedures, pursuant to 36 CFR § 800.14(a).

D. Duration and Extension

 This Agreement shall remain in effect from the date of execution for a period not to exceed 7 years unless otherwise extended pursuant to Stipulation IV.D.2 below or terminated pursuant to Stipulation IV.C.2 or IV.C.4, Severability and Termination. The Agreement shall remain in effect for Declarations made prior to expiration of the Agreement in order to minimize delays in delivery of FEMA assistance.

2. The Signatories may collectively agree to extend this Agreement to cover additional calendar years, or portions thereof, through an amendment per Stipulation IV.A., provided that the original Agreement has not expired.

E. Execution and Implementation

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- 1. This Agreement may be executed in counterparts, with a separate page for each Signatory, and shall become effective on the date of the final signature of FEMA and the SHPO/THPO.
- 2. The Agreement shall go into effect regarding Undertakings occurring, or affecting historic properties, on Tribal lands when the relevant Tribe has signed the Agreement.
- 3. FEMA shall ensure that each Signatory is provided with a complete copy of the Agreement, including an original set of signatures.
- 4. Execution and implementation of this Agreement evidence that FEMA has afforded ACHP a reasonable opportunity to comment on FEMA's administration of all referenced Programs, and that FEMA has satisfied its Section 106 responsibilities for all individual Undertakings of its referenced Programs.

PROGRAMMATIC AGREEMENT AMONG THE FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY, THE SOUTH CAROLINA STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICE, THE SOUTH CAROLINA EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT DIVISION, AND TRIBES PARTICIPATING AS INVITED SIGNATORIES **Federal Emergency Management Agency** Andrew Velasquez III Acting Regional Administrator

Region IV

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PROGRAMMATIC AGREEMENT AMONG
THE FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY,
THE SOUTH CAROLINA STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICE,
THE SOUTH CAROLINA EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT DIVISION,
AND TRIBES PARTICIPATING AS INVITED SIGNATORIES

South Carolina State Historic Preservation Office

W. Eric Emerson, Ph.D.
State Historic Preservation Officer

PROGRAMMATIC AGREEMENT AMONG THE FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY, THE SOUTH CAROLINA STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICE, THE SOUTH CAROLINA EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT DIVISION, AND TRIBES PARTICIPATING AS INVITED SIGNATORIES South Carolina Emergency Management Division Kim Stenson Director

PROGRAMMATIC AGREEMENT AMONG
THE FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY,
THE SOUTH CAROLINA STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICE,
THE SOUTH CAROLINA EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT DIVISION,
AND TRIBES PARTICIPATING AS INVITED SIGNATORIES

United Keetoowah Band of Cherokee Indians

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1111	PROGRAMMATIC AGRE	EMENT AMONG
1112	THE FEDERAL EMERGENCY MA	ANAGEMENT AGENCY,
1113	THE SOUTH CAROLINA STATE HISTO	RIC PRESERVATION OFFICE,
1114	THE SOUTH CAROLINA EMERGENC	Y MANAGEMENT DIVISION,
1115	AND TRIBES PARTICIPATING AS	INVITED SIGNATORIES
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1132	Tribal Historic Preservation Officer	
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1135	Appendix A: FEMA Program Summaries
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1137	This Appendix may be amended in accordance with Stipulation IV.A, Amendments.
1138	
1139	Disaster Response and Recovery Programs
1140	
1141	The following programs are authorized under Titles IV and V of the Stafford Act.
1142	
1143	Public Assistance Program (PA)
1144	This program assists States, Tribal, and local governments, and certain types of private nonprofit
1145	organizations quickly respond to and recover from major disasters or emergencies declared by the
1146	President. Grants are provided for debris removal (Category A), emergency protective measures
1147	(Category B), and the repair, replacement, or restoration of disaster-damaged, publicly owned and
1148	certain private non-profit facilities (Categories C-G).
1149	
1150	Individual Assistance Programs (IA)
1151	These programs help to ensure that individuals and families that have been affected by disasters
1152	have access to the full range of FEMA assistance including: crisis counseling (Section 416),
1153	disaster legal services (Section 415), essential assistance (Section 403), emergency sheltering
1154	assistance (Section 403), transportation (Section 419), funeral services, minor home repairs
1155	(Section 408), and temporary housing assistance (Section 408). It should be noted that other
1156	Federal agencies provide disaster assistance programs, services, and activities to individuals as
1157	well, including the U.S. Small Business Administration, U.S. Department of Agriculture, and U.S.
1158	Department of Labor, but these other assistance programs are not subject to the terms of this
1159	Agreement.
1160	
1161	Fire Management Assistance Grant Program (FMAG)
1162	The FMAG is available to State, Tribal, and local governments for the mitigation, management,
1163	and control of fires on publicly or privately owned lands. Eligible costs may include expenses for
1164	field camps, equipment use, repair and replacement, materials and supplies, and mobilization and
1165	demobilization activities.
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Non-Disaster Programs

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1174 Pre-Disaster Mitigation Program (PDM)

Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP)

The PDM program provides competitive grants to States, Territories, Tribes, and local

The HMGP provides grants to States, Territories, Tribes, and local governments to implement

long-term hazard mitigation measures after a Declaration. Activities may include buyouts,

- governments for hazard mitigation planning and the implementation of mitigation projects prior to a disaster event. Activities may include planning, buyouts, retrofits, relocations, elevations,
- 1178 minor flood control projects, and vegetative fuels reduction.

retrofits, relocations, elevations, and minor flood control projects.

- 1180 Flood Mitigation Assistance Program (FMA)
- 1181 The FMA program provides grants to States, Territories, Tribal entities, and communities to assist
- 1182 in their efforts to reduce or eliminate the risk of repetitive flood damage to buildings and
- 1183 structures insurable under the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP).

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- 1185 Assistance to Firefighters Grant Program
- The AFG program provides funding for purchase of equipment and retrofit or construction of fire stations to improve first responder capabilities.

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- 1189 State Homeland Security Program (SHSP)
- This core assistance program provides funds to build capabilities at the state and local levels and to implement the goals and objectives included in state homeland security strategies and initiatives in the State Preparedness Report.

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- 1194 Urban Areas Security Initiative (UASI) Program
- The Urban Areas Security Initiative (UASI) program focuses on enhancing regional preparedness in major metropolitan areas. The UASI program directly supports the National Priority on expanding regional collaboration in the National Preparedness Guidelines and is intended to assist participating jurisdictions in developing integrated regional systems for prevention, protection, response and recovery.

1200

- 1201 Metropolitan Medical Response System (MMRS) Program
- The MMRS program supports the integration of emergency management, health, and medical systems into a coordinated response to mass casualty incidents caused by any hazard. Successful MMRS grantees reduce the consequences of a mass casualty incident during the initial period of a response by having augmented existing local operational response systems before the incident occurs.

1207

- 1208 Citizen Corps Program (CCP)
- The Citizen Corps mission is to bring community and government leaders together to coordinate community involvement in emergency preparedness, planning, mitigation, response and recovery.

1211

- 1212 State Homeland Security Program Tribal (SHSP Tribal)
- To provide supplemental funding to directly eligible tribes to help strengthen the nation against risks associated with potential terrorist attacks. Pursuant to the 9/11 Act, "a directly eligible tribe applying for a grant under section 2004 [SHSP] shall designate an individual to serve as a tribal
- 1216 liaison with [DHS] and other Federal, state, local, and regional government officials concerning
- 1217 preventing, preparing for, protecting against and responding to acts of terrorism."

1218

- 1219 Nonprofit Security Grant Program (NSGP)
- NSGP provides funding support for target-hardening activities to nonprofit organizations that are
- 1221 at high risk of a terrorist attack and are located within one of the specific UASI-eligible urban
- 1222 areas.

1223

- 1224 Operation Stonegarden (OPSG)
- The intent of OPSG is to enhance cooperation and coordination among local, State and Federal 1225
- 1226 law enforcement agencies in a joint mission to secure the United States borders along routes of
- ingress from international borders to include travel corridors in States bordering Mexico and 1227
- 1228 Canada, as well as States and territories with international water borders.

- 1230 Transit Security Grant Program (TSGP)
- 1231 The TSGP provides grant funding to the nation's key high-threat urban areas to enhance security

1232 measures for their critical transit infrastructure including bus, ferry and rail systems.

1233

- 1234 Freight Rail Security Grant Program (FRSGP)
- The FRSGP funds security training for frontline employees, the completion of vulnerability 1235 1236 assessments, the development of security plans within the freight rail industry and GPS tracking 1237

systems for railroad cars transporting toxic inhalation materials.

1238

- 1239 Intercity Passenger Rail (Amtrak)
- 1240 The purpose of the Intercity Passenger Rail (IPR) is to create a sustainable, risk-based effort to 1241 protect critical surface transportation infrastructure and the traveling public from acts of terrorism.
- 1242 major disasters and other emergencies within the Amtrak rail system.

1243

- 1244 Port Security Grant Program (PSGP)
- 1245 The PSGP provides grant funding to port areas for the protection of critical port infrastructure
- from terrorism. PSGP funds are primarily intended to assist ports in enhancing maritime domain 1246
- awareness, enhancing risk management capabilities to prevent, detect, respond to and recover 1247
- 1248 from attacks involving improvised explosive devices (IEDs), weapons of mass destruction
- (WMDs) and other non-conventional weapons, as well as training and exercises and 1249
- 1250 Transportation Worker Identification Credential (TWIC) implementation.

1251

- 1252 Intercity Bus Security Grant Program (IBSGP)
- 1253 The IBSGP provides funding to create a sustainable program for the protection of intercity bus
- 1254 systems and the traveling public from terrorism. The program seeks to assist operators of fixed-1255 route intercity and charter bus services in obtaining the resources required to support security
- 1256 measures such as enhanced planning, facility security upgrades and vehicle and driver protection.

1257

- 1258 Trucking Security Program (TSP)
- 1259 TSP funding will be awarded to eligible applicants to implement security improvement measures
- 1260 and policies deemed valuable by DHS as indicated in the Security Action Items publication of
- 1261 June 26, 2008. These items are primarily focused on the purchase and installation or enhancement
- 1262 of equipment and systems related to tractor and trailer tracking systems. Additionally, the TSP
- will provide funding to develop a system for DHS to monitor, collect and analyze tracking 1263
- 1264 information; and develop plans to improve the effectiveness of transportation and distribution of
- 1265 supplies and commodities during catastrophic events.

1266

1267 Buffer Zone Protection Program (BZPP)

- The BZPP provides funding to increase the preparedness capabilities of jurisdictions responsible for the safety and security of communities surrounding high-priority pre-designated Tier 1 and Tier 2 critical infrastructure and key resource (CIKR) assets, including chemical facilities, financial institutions, nuclear and electric power plants, dams, stadiums and other high-risk/high-consequence facilities, through allowable planning and equipment acquisition.
- 1274 Emergency Management Performance Grants (EMPG)
- The purpose of the EMPG program is to assist State and local governments in enhancing and sustaining all-hazards emergency management capabilities.

- 1278 Interoperable Emergency Communications Grant Program (IECGP)
- IECGP provides governance, planning, training and exercise and equipment funding to States, territories, and local and Tribal governments to carry out initiatives to improve interoperable emergency communications, including communications in collective response to natural disasters, acts of terrorism and other man-made disasters. According to the legislation that created IECGP, all proposed activities must be integral to interoperable emergency communications and must be aligned with the goals, objectives, and initiatives identified in the grantee's approved statewide Communication Interoperability Plans (SCIP). IECGP will also advance DHS near-term priorities that are deemed critical to improving interoperable emergency communications and are consistent with goals and objectives of the National Emergency Communications Plan.

- Emergency Operations Center (EOC) Grant Program
- The EOC grant program is intended to improve emergency management and preparedness capabilities by supporting flexible, sustainable, secure, and interoperable Emergency Operations Centers (EOCs) with a focus on addressing identified deficiencies and needs. This program provides funding for construction or renovation of a State, local, or tribal governments' principal EOC. Fully capable emergency operations facilities at the State and local levels are an essential element of a comprehensive national emergency management system and are necessary to ensure continuity of operations and continuity of government in major disasters caused by any hazard.

- Driver's License Security Grant Program
- The purpose of the Driver's License Security Grant Program is to prevent terrorism, reduce fraud, and improve the reliability and accuracy of personal identification documents that States and territories issue.

- Integrated Public Alert and Warning System (IPAWS)
- The Integrated Public Alert and Warning System (IPAWS) was established by Executive Order 13407 in 2006. In the event of a national emergency, the President may use IPAWS to send a message to the American people quickly and simultaneously through multiple communications pathways. FEMA has identified several radio transmission sites across the nation with significantly powerful signals for this purpose, and FEMA is responsible for upgrading, maintaining, and managing the agency installed and owned auxiliary fuel systems at each of these radio transmission sites.

1312	Appendix B: Programmatic Allowances
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1314	This list of Programmatic Allowances enumerates FEMA funded activities that based on FEMA
1315	experience have no or minimal effect on historic properties if implemented as specified in this
1316	Appendix and will not require review by the SHPO and participating Tribes.
1317	
1318	The Programmatic Allowances consist of two tiers – First Tier and Second Tier. Staff may apply
1319	First Tier allowances whether or not they meet professional historic preservation qualification
1320	standards, while only staff meeting the applicable SOI Professional Qualifications Standards in
1321	accordance with Stipulation I.B(1)(a) of this Agreement may apply Second Tier allowances.
1322	
1323	When referenced in the Programmatic Allowances, "in-kind" shall mean that it is either the same
1324	or a similar material, and the result shall match all physical and visual aspects, including form,
1325	color, and workmanship. The in-kind repair provided for in both First and Second Tier
1326	allowances in Appendix B should be limited to pre-existing architectural features and physical
1327	components of buildings and structures.
1328	
1329	When referenced in the allowances, "previously disturbed soils" shall refer to soils that are
1330	not likely to possess intact and distinct soil horizons and have the reduced likelihood of
1331	possessing historic properties within their original depositional contexts in the area and to
1332	the depth to be excavated.
1333	
1334	I. First Tier Allowances
1335	
1336	A. GROUND DISTURBING ACTIVITIES AND SITE MODIFICATION, when
1337	proposed activities described below substantially conform to the original footprint and/or
1338	are performed in previously disturbed soils, including the area where the activity is staged.
1339	1. Debris and Snow Removal
1240	Debuie nemeral and collection including nemeral of many connected trace limbs
1340	a. Debris removal and collection, including removal of snow, uprooted trees, limbs
1341	and branches from public rights of way and public areas and areas as well as the
1342 1343	transport and disposal of such waste to existing licensed waste facilities or
1344	landfills. This includes the temporary establishment and expansion of non- hazardous debris staging, reduction, and disposal areas at licensed transfer stations,
1345	or existing hard-topped or graveled surfaces (e.g. parking lots, roads, athletic
1345	courts) but not the creation of new or temporary access roads.
1340	courts) but not the creation of new of temporary access roads.
1347	b. Removal of debris from private property provided that buildings are not affected,
1348	ground disturbance is minimal and in-ground elements, such as driveways,
1349	walkways or swimming pools are left in place.
1350	C F
1351	c. Chipping and disposal of woody debris by broadcasting within existing rights-of-
1352	way.
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- d. Sediment removal from man-made drainage facilities, including retention/detention basins, ponds, ditches, and canals, in order to restore the facility to its pre-disaster condition. The sediment may be used to repair eroded banks or disposed of at an existing licensed or permitted spoil site.
- e. Dewatering flooded developed areas by pumping.

2. Temporary Structures and Housing

- a. Installation and removal of temporary structures for use as school classrooms, offices, or temporary shelters for essential public service agencies, such as police, fire, rescue and medical care, as well as temporary housing for disaster personnel and survivors at the following types of locations:
 - i. Single units on private residential sites when all utilities are installed above ground or tie into pre-existing utility lines.
 - ii. Existing RV/Mobile Home Parks and campgrounds with pre-existing utility hookups;
 - iii. Paved areas, such as parking lots and paved areas at such facilities as conference centers, shopping malls, airports, industrial port facilities business parks, and military bases when all utilities are installed above ground or tie into pre-existing utility lines.
 - iv. Sites that have been previously prepared for planned construction, such as land being developed for public housing, office buildings, city parks, ball fields, schools, etc. when all utilities are installed above-ground or tie into pre-existing utility lines.
 - v. Areas previously filled to depths of at least six feet so that subsurface utilities can be installed.

3. Recreation and Landscaping

- a. Installation of temporary removable barriers.
- b. In-kind repairs, installation, or replacement, and minor upgrades/mitigation of bollards and associated protective barriers when in previously disturbed areas.

B. BUILDINGS AND STRUCTURES

- 1. Repair or retrofit of buildings less than 45 years old.
- 2. Removal of water by physical or mechanical means.

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1399			stallation of exterior security features and early warning devices on existing light
1400		po	oles or other permanent utilities.
1401			
1402	C.		NSPORTATION FACILITIES, when proposed activities substantially conform to
1403		the or	iginal footprint and/or performed in previously disturbed soils, including any staging
1404		areas.	
1405			
1406		1. R	oads and Roadways
1407			
1408		a.	Paving and repair of roads to pre-disaster geometric design standards and
1409			conditions using in-kind materials, shoulders medians, clearances, curbs, and side
1410			slopes. This allowance does not include improvement to existing roadways and
1411			appurtenances.
1412			
1413			
1414		b.	Repairs to road slips and landslides that do not require grading of undisturbed soils
1415			on the up-hill side of the slip
1416			
1417		c.	Re-establishment, armoring, and/or upgrading of existing roadway ditches.
1418			
1419		ď.	In-kind repair or replacement of traffic control devices such as traffic signs and
1420			signals, delineators, pavement markings, traffic surveillance systems.
1421			₩ c
1422		e.	Installation and removal of temporary traffic control devices, including pre-formed
1423			concrete barriers and fencings.
1424			
1425		f.	In-kind repair or replacement of roadway safety elements such as barriers,
1426			guardrails, and impact-attenuation devices. In the case of guardrails, the addition
1427			of safety end treatments is permitted.
1428			
1429		2. A	irports
1430			
1431		a.	In-kind repair or replacement of existing runway surfaces and features (e.g.
1432			asphalt, concrete, gravel, and dirt) and associated air transportation safety
1433			components and systems (e.g. lighting bars, beacons, signage and weather
1434			sensors).
1435			
1436		3. R	ail Systems
1437			
1438		a.	In-kind repair or replacement of safety components.
1439			• • •
1440		b.	In-kind repair or replacement of existing track system and passenger loading areas.
1441			
1442			

D.	FEES AND SERVICES
	1. Reimbursement of a subgrantee's insurance deductible, not to exceed \$2,500.
I. Seco	nd Tier Allowances
A. G	ROUND DISTURBING ACTIVITIES AND SITE WORK, when proposed activities
de	escribed below substantially conform to the original footprint and/or are performed in eviously disturbed soils, including the area where the activity is staged.
-	
1.	Footings, Foundations, Retaining Walls, Slopes, and Slope Stabilization Systems
	a. In-kind repair, replacement, and reinforcement of footings, foundations, retaining walls, slopes, and slope stabilization systems (e.g., gabion baskets, crib walls, soldier pile and lag walls) if related ground disturbing activities are within the boundary of previously disturbed soils.
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	b. Installation of perimeter drainage (e.g. French drains) when performed in previously disturbed soils.
	previously disturbed soris.
2.	Recreation and Landscaping
	a. In-kind repairs or replacement, and minor upgrades to recreational facilities and features (e.g. playgrounds, campgrounds, fire pits, dump stations and utility hook- ups, swimming pools, athletic fields and signage, batting cages, basketball courts, swing sets, pathways, simple wooden/wire stream crossings).
	b. In-kind repair, replacements, and minor upgrades to landscaping elements (e.g.,
	fencing, free standing walls, paving, planters, irrigation systems, lighting elements,
	signs, flag poles, ramps, steps).
3.	Piers, Docks, Boardwalks, Boat Ramps, and Dune Crossovers
	a. In-kind repair and replacement and minor upgrades to existing piers, docks,
	boardwalks, boat ramps and dune crossovers in areas of previously disturbed soils.
4.	Cemeteries
	a. Demoved of woody debrie such as branches and limbs, from comptanies, movided
	a. Removal of woody debris such as branches and limbs, from cemeteries, provided that heavy equipment and other machinery are not operated or staged on areas
	potentially containing human remains.
	b.

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B. BUILDINGS AND STRUCTURES 1486 1487 1. Interior Work: Floors, Walls, Stair

- 1. Interior Work: Floors, Walls, Stairs, Ceilings and Trim
 - a. In-kind repair of floors, walls, stairs, ceilings and/or trim. In-kind replacement of floors, walls, stairs, ceilings, and/or trim that are damaged and/or deteriorated beyond repair. The allowance does not apply to decorative finishes, including murals, glazed paint, gold leaf, or ornamental plaster.
 - b. Interior cleaning of surfaces using a weak solution of household bleach and water, mold remediation, or mold removal. The allowance applies to interior finishes, including plaster and wallboard, provided the cleaning is restricted to damaged areas and does not affect adjacent materials.
 - c. Non-destructive or concealed testing for hazardous materials (e.g., lead paint, asbestos) or for assessment of hidden damages.

2. Building Contents

- a. Repair or replacement of building contents including furniture, movable partitions, computers, cabinetry, supplies, and equipment and any other moveable items which are not character defining features of a historic property.
- 3. Utilities and Mechanical, Electrical, and Security Systems
 - a. In-kind repair or replacement, or limited upgrading of interior utility systems, including mechanical (e.g., heating, ventilation, air conditioning), electrical, and plumbing systems. This allowance does not provide for the installation of new exposed ductwork.
 - b. Elevation of heating, ventilation, and air conditioning system (HVAC) and mechanical equipment as long as it is placed or located where it is not visible from the street.
 - c. Installation or replacement of interior fire detection, fire suppression, or security alarm systems. The allowance does not apply to surface mounted wiring, conduits, piping, etc., unless previously existing, provided that installation of the system hardware does not damage or cause the removal of character-defining architectural features and can be easily removed in the future.
 - d. Installation of communication and surveillance security systems, such as cameras, closed-circuit television, alarm systems, and public address systems, provided that installation of the system hardware does not damage or cause the removal of character defining architectural features and can be easily removed in the future.

e. Installation of building access security devices, such as card readers, enhanced locks, and security scanners (e.g., metal detectors), provided the device does not damage or cause the removal of character-defining architectural features and can be removed in the future without impacts to significant architectural features.

4. Windows and Doors

- a. In-kind repair of damaged or severely deteriorated windows and window frames, shutters, storm shutters, doors and door frames, and associated hardware, where profiles, elevations, details and materials match those of the originals.
- b. In-kind replacement of window panes. Clear plate, double, laminated or triple insulating glazing can be used, provided it does not result in altering the existing window material, tint, form, muntin profiles, or number of divided lights. This allowance does not apply to the replacement of intact decorative glass.
- c. Replacement of exterior, utilitarian, non-character-defining metal doors and frames leading into non character-defining spaces with metal blast resistant doors and frames.
- d. Installation of security bars over windows on rear elevations.

5. Exterior Walls, Cornices, Porches, and Foundations

- a. In-kind repainting of surfaces, provided that destructive surface preparation treatments are not used, such as water blasting, sandblasting, power sanding and chemical cleaning.
- b. In-kind repair of walls, porches, foundations, columns, cornices, siding, balustrades, stairs, dormers, brackets, trim, and their ancillary components or in-kind replacement of severely deteriorated or missing or lost features, as long as the replacement pieces match the original in detail and material. Any ground disturbance will be limited to previously disturbed soils.
- c. In-kind repair or replacement of signs or awnings.
- d. Installation of temporary stabilization bracing or shoring, provided such work does not result in additional damage.
- e. Anchoring of walls to floor systems, provided the anchors are embedded and concealed from exterior view.
- f. In-kind repair of concrete and masonry walls, columns, parapets, chimneys, or cornices or limited in-kind replacement of damaged and/or deteriorated beyond

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1571 1572		repair components including comparable brick, and mortar that matches the color strength, content, rake, and joint width.
1573		strongth, contone, rate, and joint width.
1574		g. Bracing and reinforcing of walls, chimneys and fireplaces, provided the bracin
1575		and reinforcing are either concealed from exterior view or reversible in the future.
1576		
1577		h. Strengthening of foundations and the addition of foundation bolts, provided that
1578		visible new work is in-kind, including mortar that matches the color, conten
1579		strength, rake, and joint width where occurring.
1580		
1581		i. Repairs to and in-kind replacement of elements of curtain wall assemblies of
1582		exterior cladding that is hung on the building structure, usually from floor to floor
1583		and when the color, size, reflectivity, materials, and visual patterns are unaltered.
1584	6.	Roofing
1585		
1586		a. Installation of scaffolding, polyethylene sheeting, or tarps, provided such work will
1587		not result in additional damage or irreversible alterations to character defining
1588		features.
1589		
1590		b. In-kind repair, replacement, or strengthening of roofing, rafters, fascia, soffits
1591		gutters, verge boards, leader boxes, downspouts, or other damaged roof system
1592		components.
1593		
1594		c. Repairs to flat roof cladding, including changes in roofing materials, where th
1595		repairs are not highly visible from the ground level.
1596		\$50
1597	7.	Weatherproofing and Insulation
1598		a. Caulking and weather-stripping to complement the color of adjacent surfaces of
1599		sealant materials.
1600		b. In-kind repair or replacement of insulation systems, provided that existing interior
1601		plaster, woodwork, exterior siding, or exterior architectural detail is not altered.
1602		
1603	8.	Structural Retrofits
1604		
1605		a. The installation of the following retrofits/upgrades, provided that such upgrade
1606		are not visible on the exterior: attic bracing, cross bracing on pier and pos
1607		foundations; fasteners; collar ties; gussets; tie downs; strapping and anchoring o
1608		mechanical, electrical, and plumbing equipment; concealed anchoring of furniture
1609		installation of plywood diaphragms beneath first floor joists, above top floo
1610		ceiling rafters, and on roofs; and automatic gas shut off valves.
1611		
1612		b. Replacement, repair or installation of lightning rods.

- 9. Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) Compliance
 - a. Installation of grab bars and other such minor interior modifications.

10. Safe Rooms

a. Installation of individual safe rooms within the property limits of a residence where the installation would occur within the existing building or structure or in previously disturbed soils.

11. Elevation, Demolition, and Reconstruction

- a. Activities related to the elevation, demolition and/or reconstruction of buildings or structures less than 45 years of age so long as the proposed activities substantially conform to the original footprint and/or are performed in previously disturbed soils including any staging area, and the buildings or structures are not located within or adjacent to a National Register listed or eligible historic district.
- C. TRANSPORTATION FACILITIES, when proposed activities substantially conform to the original footprint and/or performed in previously disturbed soils, including the area where the activity is staged.

1. Roads and Roadways

- a. Repair of roads to pre-disaster geometric design standards and conditions using inkind materials, shoulders, medians, clearances, curbs, and side slopes. This allowance permits minor improvement to meet current code and standards or hazard mitigation measures, such as those designed to harden exposed surfaces, including the application of gravel armoring to side slopes and ditches.
- b. In kind repair to historic paving materials for roads and walkways.
- c. In-kind repair or replacement, or minor upgrade of culvert systems and arches beneath roads or within associated drainage systems, including provision of headwalls, riprap and any modest increase in capacity for the purposes of hazard mitigation or to meet current codes and standards, provided that the work substantially conforms to the existing footprint. For stone or brick culverts or arches beneath roadways, this allowance only applies to in-kind repair.
- d. In-kind repair or replacement of road lighting systems, including period lighting fixture styles.
- e. In-kind repair or replacement of road appurtenances such as curbs, berms, fences, and sidewalks.

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f. Construction of temporary emergency access roads in previously disturbed soils to allow for passage of emergency vehicles

2. Bridges

- a. Installation of a temporary (Bailey-type) bridge over an existing structure or at a previously disturbed location, such as a former bridge location, to allow passage of emergency vehicles.
- b. In-kind repair or replacement of bridges and bridge components (e.g. abutments, wing walls, piers, decks, and fenders) in previously disturbed soils.
- **D.** UTILITIES, COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS AND TOWERS, when proposed activities substantially conform to the original footprint and/or performed in previously disturbed soils, including the area where the activity is staged.

1. General

- a. In-kind repair or replacement, or minor upgrading, small scale realignment, and elevation of utilities and associated features and structures within previously disturbed soils of rights-of-way or utility corridors.
- b. Installation of new utilities and associated features within existing rights-of-way.
- c. Directional boring of new/replacement service line and related appurtenances involving boring or silt trenches within previously disturbed soils of rights-of-way or utility corridors.
- d. In-kind repair or replacement, or minor upgrade of water towers provided activities take place within previously disturbed soils. Ground-level facilities may be added or expanded in previously disturbed areas. This allowance does not apply to masonry water towers.

2. Generators and Utilities

- a. In-kind repair or replacement, or minor upgrades, elevation, and/or installation of generators, HVAC systems, and similar equipment provided activities occur within previously disturbed soils and any roof mounted equipment is not visible from the ground level.
- 3. Communication Equipment/Systems and Towers

1701	a. Acquisition, installation, or operation of communication and security
1702	equipment/systems that use existing distribution systems, facilities, or existing
1703	infrastructure right-of-way.
1704	
1705	b. The collocation of communication and security equipment on existing towers and
1706	buildings/structures less than 45 year in age, provided that the work does not
1707	increase existing tower height or footprint by more than 10% and occurs within
1708	previously disturbed soils.
1709	
1710	c. Enhancement, repair or replacement of existing communication towers and
1711	antenna structures provided the work does not increase existing tower height or
1712	footprint by more than 10% and occurs within previously disturbed soils.
1713	
1714	d. Installation of new temporary (not to exceed 12 months) communications towers
1715	and antenna structures provided that the work occurs does not require modification
1716	of buildings/structures 45 years or older and occurs within previously disturbed
1717	soils.
1718	
1719	e. Installation of new communication towers, less than 200 feet tall, in previously
1720	developed urban complexes when the work does not require modification of
1721	buildings/structures 45 years or older, occurs within previously disturbed soil, and
1722	is not within a half mile feet of the boundaries of a historic property.
1723	
1724	E. WATER RESOURCE MANAGEMENT AND CONTROLS, when proposed activities
1725	substantially conform to the original footprint and/or performed in previously disturbed
1726	soils, including the area where the activity is staged.
1727	
1728	1. Canal Systems
1729	
1730	 In-kind repairs or replacement to canal systems and associated elements.
1731	
1732	2. Breakwaters, Seawalls, Revetments, and Berms
1733	
1734	a. In-kind repair or replacement of breakwaters, seawalls, and revetments, provided
1735	the work occurs in previously disturbed soils.
1736	
1737	3. Dams, Levees, and Floodwalls
1738	
1739	a. In-kind repair of dams, levees, floodwalls and related features, including spillways,
1740	tide gates, and fuse plugs, provided the work occurs in previously disturbed soils.
1741	
1742	4 Fish Hatcheries

 a. In-kind repair or replacement of fish hatcheries and fish ladders.

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5. Waste-Water Treatment Lagoon Systems
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a. In-kind repair or replacement, or minor upgrades of waste-water treatment lagoon systems.

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	C.			
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Appendix C: Treatment Measures

When avoidance or minimization of adverse effects is not appropriate, the following Treatment Measures are suggested for the resolution of adverse effects:

If Undertakings may or will result in adverse effects, FEMA, the Grantee(s), subgrantee, SHPO, and participating Tribes may develop a treatment measure plan that includes one or more of the following Treatment Measures, depending on the nature of historic properties affected and the severity of adverse effects. This Appendix may be amended in accordance with Stipulation IV.A.3 of this Agreement, Amendments.

A. Recordation

 1. <u>Digital Photography Package:</u> Prior to project implementation, the designated responsible party shall oversee the successful delivery of a digital photography package prepared by staff or contractors meeting the Professional Qualifications for Architectural History, History, Architecture, or Historic Architecture, as appropriate. The digital photography package will meet the standards cited in the NPS' *National Register of Historic Places Photographic Policy March 2010* or subsequent revisions (http://www.nps.gov/nr/publications/bulletins/photopolicy/index.htm).

a. The digital photography package shall include a comprehensive collection of photographs of both interior and exterior views showing representative spaces and details of significant architectural features and typical building materials. Exterior photographs shall include full oblique and contextual images of each elevation. Exterior views shall be keyed to a site plan while interior views shall be keyed to a floor plan of the building/structure. The photographs shall be indexed according to the date photographed, site number, site name, site address, direction, frame number, subject matter and photographer's name recorded on the reverse side in pencil.

b. The digital photography package shall include printed color copies of the digital photographs (on appropriate paper, per NPS Photographic Policy), a CD/DVD of the digital photographs, a completed state architectural inventory form, and a written site history of the historic property.

 c. The designated responsible party shall submit the digital photography package to the SHPO and participating Tribes for review and approval. Once approved by the SHPO and participating Tribes, the designated responsible party shall submit a copy of the approved documentation to a state or local historical society, archive, and/or library for permanent retention.

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- 2. 35mm Black and White Photography Package: Prior to project implementation, the designated responsible party shall oversee the successful delivery of a 35 mm film black and white film photography package prepared by staff or contractors meeting the Secretary's Professional Qualifications for Architectural History, Architecture, or Historic Architecture, as appropriate.
 - a. The 35 mm film black and white film photography package shall include a comprehensive collection of photographs of both interior and exterior views showing representative spaces and details of significant architectural features and typical building materials. Exterior photographs shall include full oblique and contextual images of each elevation. Exterior views shall be keyed to a site plan while interior views shall be keyed to a floor plan of the building/structure. The photographs shall be indexed according to the date photographed, site number, site name, site address, direction, frame number, subject matter and photographer's name recorded on the reverse side in pencil.
 - b. The 35 mm film black and white film photography package shall include one (1) full set of 35mm film black and white photographs printed on acid free paper, the corresponding 35mm film negatives in acid free sleeves, a completed state architectural inventory form, and a written site history of the historic property.
 - c. The designated responsible party shall submit the 35 mm black and white film photography package the SHPO and/or participating Tribes for review and approval. Once approved by the SHPO and participating Tribes, the designated responsible party shall submit a copy of the approved documentation to a state or local historical society, archive, and/or library for permanent retention.
- 3. Large Format Photography Package: Prior to project implementation, the designated responsible party shall oversee the successful delivery of a large format photography package prepared by staff or contractors meeting the Secretary's Professional Qualifications for Architectural History, History, Architecture, or Historic Architecture, as appropriate.
 - a. The large format photography package shall include a comprehensive collection of photographs of both interior and exterior views showing representative spaces and details of significant architectural features and typical building materials. Exterior photographs shall include full oblique and contextual images of each elevation. Exterior views shall be keyed to a site plan while interior views shall be keyed to a floor plan of the building/structure. The photographs shall be indexed according to the date photographed, site number, site name, site address, direction, frame number, subject matter and photographer's name recorded on the reverse side in pencil.
 - b. The large format film photography package shall include one (1) full set of 4 x 5 or 5 x 7-inch photographs printed on acid free paper, the corresponding 4 x 5 or 5 x

7-inch negatives in acid free sleeves, a completed state architectural inventory form, and a written site history of the historic property.

c. The designated responsible party shall submit the large format film photography package to the SHPO and/or participating Tribes for review and approval. Once approved by the SHPO and/or participating Tribes, the designated responsible party shall submit ___ copies of the approved documentation to a state or local historical society, archive, and/or library for permanent retention.

B. Public Interpretation

 Prior to project implementation, FEMA, the Grantee(s), and subgrantee shall work with the SHPO and/or participating Tribes to design an educational interpretive plan. The plan may include signs, displays, educational pamphlets, websites, workshops and other similar mechanisms to educate the public on historic properties within the local community, state, or region. Once an interpretive plan has been agreed to by the parties, SHPO and/or participating Tribes and the designated responsible party shall continue to consult throughout implementation of the plan until all agreed upon actions have been completed by the designated responsible party.

D. Historical Context Statements and Narratives

Prior to project implementation, FEMA, the Grantee(s), and subgrantee shall work with the SHPO and participating Tribes to determine the topic and framework of a historic context statement or narrative the designated responsible party shall be responsible for completing. The statement or narrative may focus on an individual property, a historic district, a set of related properties, or relevant themes as identified in the statewide preservation plan. Once the topic of the historic context statement or narrative has been agreed to, the designated responsible party shall continue to coordinate with the SHPO and participating Tribes through the drafting of the document and delivery of a final product. The designated responsible party shall use staff or contractors that meet the Secretary's Professional Qualifications for the appropriate discipline.

E. Oral History Documentation

Prior to project implementation, FEMA, the Grantee(s), and subgrantee shall work with the SHPO and/or participating Tribes to identify oral history documentation needs and agree upon a topic and list of interview candidates. Once the parameters of the oral history project have been agreed upon, the designated responsible party shall continue to coordinate with the SHPO and/or participating Tribes through the data collection, drafting of the document, and delivery of a final product. The designated responsible party shall use staff or contractors that meet the Secretary's Professional Qualifications for the appropriate discipline.

F. Historic Property Inventory

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Prior to project implementation, FEMA, the Grantee(s), and subgrantee shall work with the SHPO and/or participating Tribes to establish the appropriate level of effort to accomplish a historic property inventory. Efforts may be directed toward the resurvey of previously designated historic properties and/or districts which have undergone change or lack sufficient documentation, or the survey of new historic properties and/or districts that lack formal designation. Once the boundaries of the survey area have been agreed upon, the designated responsible party shall continue to coordinate with the SHPO and/or participating Tribes through the data collection process. The designated responsible party shall use SHPO and/or participating Tribes' standards for the survey of historic properties and SHPO and/or participating Tribes' forms as appropriate. The designated responsible party shall prepare a draft inventory report, according to SHPO and/or participating Tribes' templates and guidelines, and work with the SHPO and/or participating Tribes until a final property inventory is approved. The designated responsible party shall use staff or contractors that meet the Secretary's Professional Qualifications for the appropriate discipline.

G. National Register and National Historic Landmark Nominations

Prior to project implementation, FEMA, the Grantee(s), and subgrantee shall work with the SHPO and/or participating Tribes to identify the individual properties that would benefit from a completed National Register or National Historic Landmark nomination form. Once the parties have agreed to a property, the designated responsible party shall continue to coordinate with the SHPO and/or participating Tribes through the drafting of the nomination form. The SHPO and/or participating Tribes shall provide adequate guidance to the designated responsible party during the preparation of the nomination form and shall formally submit the final nomination to the Keeper for inclusion in the National Register. The designated responsible party shall use staff or contractors that meet the Secretary's Professional Qualifications for the appropriate discipline.

H. Geo-References of Historic Maps and Aerial Photographs

 Prior to project implementation, FEMA, the Grantee(s), and subgrantee shall work with the SHPO and/or participating Tribes to identify the historic maps and/or aerial photographs for scanning and geo-referencing. Once a list of maps and/or aerial photographs have been agreed upon, the designated responsible party shall continue to coordinate with the SHPO and/or participating Tribes through the scanning and geo-referencing process and shall submit drafts of paper maps and electronic files to the SHPO and/or participating Tribes for review. The final deliverable produced by the designated responsible party shall include a paper copy of each scanned image, a geo-referenced copy of each scanned image, and the metadata relating to both the original creation of the paper maps and the digitization process.

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1926	Appendix D: Tribal Areas of Interest within the State of South Carolina
1927	
1928	Tribe Name
1929	Counties included within Area of Interest:
1930	
1931	Project Types of Interest:
1932	
1933	Any Excluded Project Types:
1934	
1935	Preferred Method of Communication
1936	